



**PBR** thermostats





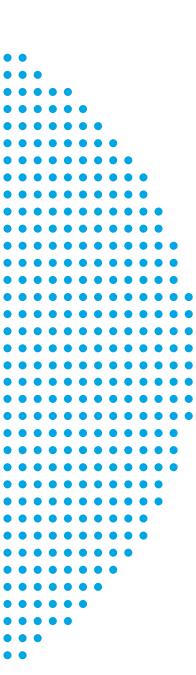






**Nu-Heat** Know-How

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<b>System</b>	Ref:	

Every Nu-Heat system is a custom design. Please record your unique system reference number above for future reference.

# Welcome

**Installer details** 

Congratulations, you are the owner of a warm water underfloor heating system, designed and supplied by Nu-Heat UK Ltd., the largest supplier of domestic underfloor systems in the UK.

This manual is provided to help you understand how the system operates and the correct settings required to get the most from your heating.

Nu-Heat did not install your system, therefore any installation matters should be referred to the contractor concerned. Please record the installer's details below.

For more information on the operation of your system and also troubleshooting help, please visit the Nu-Heat website at nu-heat.co.uk.

# Company: Contact name:

Contact telephone no.:

Address: \_\_\_\_\_



# **About the Nu-Heat System**

## **Description**

Underfloor heating works by pumping warm water through special plastic tubing embedded in the floor. This warms the floor and maintains the room at a comfortable temperature.

#### **Benefits**

In particular, underfloor heating systems:

- Provide a more comfortable heated environment,
- Permit unlimited interior design options,
- Increase the useable space within a property.

All these benefits are available from a system which can be significantly less expensive to run than a conventional, radiator-based system.

# **System startup**

Once your system has been commissioned it should be fully operational. To initially check that your system is turned on and working please follow these simple steps:

## **Underfloor heating**

Locate the main components of your installation: the boiler, hot water cylinder, underfloor heating pump/Optiflo manifold assembly(s), thermostats, timeclocks and underfloor heating wiring box.

# **Electricity supply**

Ensure that the electrical installation is complete and that the heating system is turned on. The location of the main supply ON/OFF switch may vary but is often positioned next to the boiler. There may be additional switches located at each underfloor heating wiring box, which also need to be switched on.

# **Water supply**

Ensure that the water is turned on ready for domestic hot water operation, check that a high flow of water is available from the cold taps. If there is poor flow or none at all, check that the stop-cock for the property is fully open.



# **Operation**

Your underfloor system is designed for performance and economy. Each heating zone is controlled by its own wall-mounted thermostat. If a room has no thermostat it will be connected to, and controlled by, an adjacent zone.

## **UNDERFLOOR HEATING**

Your underfloor system is designed for performance and economy. Each heating zone is controlled by its own wall-mounted thermostat. If a room has no thermostat it will be connected to, and controlled by, an adjacent zone.

Unlike traditional dial thermostats controlled by a timeclock, programmable thermostats do not work on the basis of ON and OFF times. Instead different temperatures are set at different times throughout the day. If the property is to be unoccupied during the day, for example, then the temperature can be set low (setback temperature), whereas during the morning and evening it can be set at the desired comfort temperature.

The best way to find the optimum temperature setting is to set a low comfort temperature (e.g.18°C) and then turn it up by 1°C each day until the temperature is right. Any adjustment above this setting will waste energy and increase fuel cost.

Consideration should be given to the different floor constructions and finishes used in your property, as these factors will affect the time the system will take to achieve comfort conditions. However, the PBR thermostat incorporates Optimum Start, a self-learning feature that enables it to manage when the heating should be switched on, in order to hit the target temperature that has been programmed. This means that the thermostats can be set to the comfort temperature at the times that heating is required. It will then automatically manage the varying floor response times, and bring the heating on in time

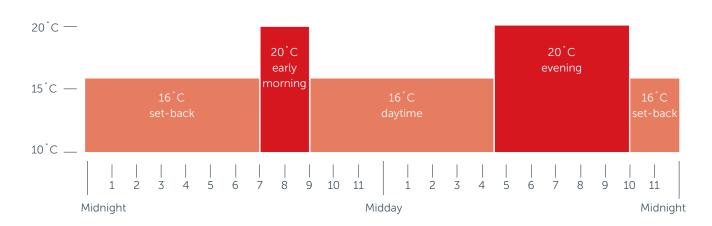
The Optimum Start feature will need to be set up in the thermostat – for details see page 13.

The temperature chosen as the setback temperature will depend upon the situation:

- For new build properties this will generally be 4-6°C lower than the comfort setting, although again, this can be experimented.
- Renovated properties may work best with a lower setback temperature, in order that the heating remains off outside of the times at which the comfort temperature is selected.
   The fast response time of LoProMax™ makes this method particularly suitable.
- Less thermally responsive floors, in particular screed floors greater than 65mm thick, will achieve comfort temperatures more quickly when the setback temperature is closer to the comfort temperature.

Programmable room thermostats offer the ideal solution to maintaining different background temperatures at different times. They can easily be set to achieve the desired temperature at all times of day and night.

## THE EFFECT OF SETBACK (for illustration only)





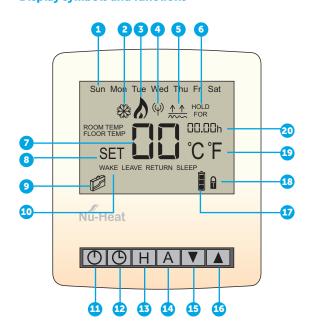
Each thermostat combines the functions of a room thermostat, timeclock and set-back thermostat. For enhanced heating performance and efficiency the unit also provides self-learning 'Optimum Start' in the morning.

Four adjustable time/temperature periods are available for the days of the week, and a further four during the weekend as standard, giving enhanced heating control. A 7-day mode is also available.

One thermostat will also include a domestic hot water (DHW) timer. This is identified by the presence of TIMER ON/TIMER OFF on the LCD screen.

#### **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PROGRAMMABLE THERMOSTAT**

# **Display symbols and functions**



- 1 Day
- 2 Frost indicator
- 3 Heat active indicator (Flashing = OPTIMUM START mode active)
- 4 RF: flashes when receiver is linked
- 5 Floor temperature limit icon
- 6 Temperature hold
- 7 Current room/floor temp.
- 8 Indicates changes being made
- 9 Holiday indicator

- Program cycle indicator
- Power ON/OFF
- 12 Clock
- 13 H button
- 14 A button
- 15 DOWN button
- 16 UP button
- Battery level
- 18 Keylock on
- 19 Units of temperature
- 20 Clock

Room temp = Current room temperature.

Set = The temperature you are trying to achieve.

#### **ERROR CODES**

#### **E1**

If E1 appears on the display the thermostat is configured for the remote floor sensor but is not able to see the sensor. Check the sensor is connected to RT1 and negative (-). If the sensor is not required adjust feature 12 (p.13).

#### E2

If E2 appears on the display the thermostat is configured for the remote air sensor but is not able to see the sensor. Check the sensor is connected to RT2 and negative (-). If the sensor is not required adjust feature 12 (p.13).

# **Battery flashing**

The batteries need to be replaced. See page 11 for details.

Warning: Despite these thermostats being low-voltage, the mains supply to the heating system should be isolated before attempting this. Turn off the heating system or call an engineer to check sensor connections.







#### THERMOSTAT DISPLAY

## **Temperature display**

- 1 When ROOM TEMP is indicated, the current room temperature is displayed.
- **2 SET** indicates the room temperature to be achieved.

#### **Temperature over-ride**

- 1 Use the ▼/▲ keys to temporarily adjust the current temperature. The screen will display SET and the new set temperature.
- 2 Press A to accept and exit.

The selected temperature will be maintained until the start of the next programmed period.

## Setting the heating periods and temperatures

The thermostat has 4 periods for weekdays and 4 periods for weekends. Each period may be set to a different temperature.

#### For example:

07:00 / 21 °C (wake)

09:00 / 16 °C (leave the house)

16:30 / 21°C (return home)

22:00 / 16 °C (sleep)

#### To set the heating periods:

(If you do not want to use one of the periods, set it to --:-- by pressing  $\checkmark$  past 00.00)

- 1 Press S once for weekday/weekend programming you will see MON-FRI displayed, for 7-day programming you will see MON.
- 2 Use the ▼/▲ keys to select the start time for the first weekday period.
- 3 Press H to accept the start time.
- **4** Use the **▼**/**▲** keys to select the temperature for the first weekday period.
- 5 Press H to accept the temperature. You will now see LEAVE.
- **6** Repeat the programming for each period entering --:-- for any unused periods.

For weekday/weekend programming, the 4 comfort levels are the same for all weekdays. For 7-day programming, each day can have 4 different comfort levels.

# **Temperature hold**

- 1 To over-ride the programmed mode press H.
- 2 Use the ▼/▲ keys to enter the required hold time, then press H.
- 3 Use the ▼/▲ keys to enter the required temperature, then press A.

The HOLD indication will countdown the hold duration. To cancel, reduce the HOLD time to 00 hours.



### **Setting the clock**

- With the thermostat on, press <sup>⑤</sup> twice (or for the DHW timer thermostat, three times) and use the ▼/▲ keys to set the minutes.
- 2 Press H to accept. Use the ▼/▲ keys to set the hours. Press H to accept.
- 3 Use the ▼/▲ keys to set the day. Press A to store and exit. The clock is now set.



## Viewing and adjusting the floor temperature (with floor sensor only)

- 1 Press the A button for 3 seconds, the floor temperature will be displayed.
- 2 To return to the room temperature display, press the H button. If no key is pressed the display will automatically return to the room temperature after 30 seconds.

## To adjust the floor sensor temperature:

- 1 To access the configuration menu, first switch the thermostat off press and hold ON/OFF, then press and hold ③ until the feature screen appears.
- 2 Press (s) and cycle through to Feature 13.
- 3 Use the ▼/▲ keys to change the temperature to the required setting (see floor covering manufacturer's guidance).
- 4 Press A to accept then press ON to switch the thermostat on again.



#### **Enabling keylock**

All buttons can be locked to prevent unwanted adjustment.



- To enable keylock:
- Press the A button and ▼ button together for 10 seconds until the 8 (padlock) symbol appears.
- 2 Repeat the sequence to unlock.



# **Holiday mode**

This allows you to enter a holiday setting. During a holiday, the thermostat will maintain the frost set temperature. At the end of your holiday, the thermostat will revert back to the programmed setting ensuring that your home is warm on arrival.

- 1 Press H 3 times (until you see the suitcase symbol).
- 2 Press √/ to enter the number of days holiday.
- **3** Press A to accept.

The screen will show a suitcase indicating the thermostat is in holiday mode. To cancel, reduce the holiday duration to 00 days.





## Frost protection & switching off the thermostat

- 1 Press the Power ON/OFF button once to switch the thermostat into frost protection mode. In this mode, with the \* symbol on the screen, the frost protection temperature will be maintained.
- 2 Press the Power ON/OFF button to cancel again.

To change the frost setting temperature, see the Feature Table on page 13.

To turn the thermostat off completely press and hold the OFF button. To turn on again press the ON button.

## Re-calibrating the thermostat

- 1 Press and hold the POWER button to turn the thermostat off.
- 2 Press and hold BOTH the POWER and ▼ buttons until the temperature appears on the screen.
- 3 Use the ▼/▲ buttons to set the new temperature.
- 4 Press A to accept.
- **5** Press the **POWER** button once to turn the thermostat back on.

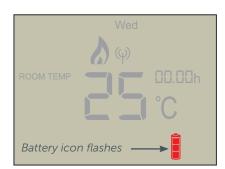
## **Factory reset**

To return all settings to their factory default:

- 1 Turn the thermostat off by pressing and holding the OFF button.
- 2 Press and hold the POWER and A arrow key until the LCD powers up. All of the icons will be displayed. When they have disappeared, the thermostat has been reset.

### **REPLACING THE BATTERIES**

Batteries have a fixed lifespan and will need to be replaced occasionally to ensure the thermostat operates correctly.



The thermostat will inform you when the batteries need to be replaced by displaying the battery icon on screen.

Note: You must replace the batteries within 1 minute of removal in order to retain the current clock and comfort level settings.



To access the battery holder, push and release the compartment door located on the bottom face of the thermostat.



Each PBR thermostat requires 2x AAA batteries. Insert these into the empty battery holder, ensuring that each battery is orientated for the correct polarity (+ / -).

Push the battery holder back inside the thermostat until it is secured in its closed position.

#### PAIRING WITH THE UH1-W WIRING CENTRE

On the UH1-W wiring centre, take note of the number set on the rotary switch (Board ID number 1-9). Each UH1-W on the system will need a different ID number.

#### With the thermostat turned off:

- 1 Press and hold the (5) button until two sets of numbers appear. The small number 01 in the top right corner of the LCD is the feature number.
- 2 Press (5 repeatedly until you see feature 06 (Receiver Type). The options within feature 06 are: 00 = UH1-W or 01 = RC1-W receiver.
- 3 Use the ▼/▲ keys to set feature 06 to 00 (UH1-W).
- 4 Press () again until you see feature 07 (UH1-W Board Address).
- 5 Use the S keys and set the large digits to the board address of the UH1-W, this is the number set on the UH1-W rotary switch (you should set a unique board address on each UH1-W installed).
- 6 Press ⑤ again until you see feature 08 (Zone number, 01-08). The UH1-W is an 8-zone receiver. Use the ▼/▲ keys to select the zone to which this thermostat should be linked.
- 7 Press ⑤ again until you see feature: 09. 00 = Under-floor heating, 01 = Radiators.
  Use the ▼/▲ keys to select if the thermostat is controlling underfloor heating or radiators.
- 8 Press A to accept, the display will now go blank.
- Press the POWER button once to turn the thermostat back on, press the button and set the target temperature above the room temperature, the flame symbol should then appear and the assigned zone on the UH1-W should now be activated. This indicates pairing between the thermostat and the UH1-W is successful.

WARNING: Mains voltages are present within the wiring centre.

## **FEATURE TABLE**

FEATURE	DESCRIPTION	SETTING	EXPLANATION
01	Temperature format	00=°C / 01=°F (0°C= default)	Allows selection of °F or °C
02	Switching differential	01=01°C (default) / 02=2°C / 03=3°C	The number of degrees at which the heating switches on below the set temperature
03	Frost mode	00=Disabled / 01= Enabled (default)	When enabled, thermostat will maintain frost setting temperature even when switched off
04	Frost protection temp.	07°-17°C (12°C = default)	Set to required frost temperature
05	Output delay	0 – 15 minutes (00=Default)	Optionally enter number 01–15 (minutes) output delay to prevent rapid switching
06	Receiver type	00 = UH1-W (default) / 01 = RCW1	The type of wiring centre installed
07	Receiver board address	01 – 09	Each wiring centre has a unique receiver address
08	Zone number	01 – 08	The number assigned to each room/zone
09	UFH or Radiator.	UFH = 00 (Default); Radiator Zone = 01	Determines how the controls work
10	Fail Safe	00 Disabled (Default); 01 Enabled	Protects against loss of wireless signal
11	Up/Down Temp Limit	00 -10°C (00°C Default)	This function allows you to limit the use of the <a>/-</a> temperature arrow keys
12	Sensor Selection	00=Built in sensor; 01=Remote air sensor; 02=Floor sensor; 03=Internal air sensor & Remote floor sensor	Selects the active sensors. Not available on model with hot water timeclock. See instructions on page 10
13	Floor limit temperature	20°C-45°C (28°C default)	Used to set floor limit temperature (when appropriate)
14	Optimum Start (preheat)	00-03 (00 hours default)	Adjusts the start time within the preheat range to allow for current conditions
15	Rate of Change	For information only, not adjustable	This setting is calculated by the thermostat
16	Weekday/Weekend	00=Weekday/Weekend 01 = 7 day programming	Week/Weekend allows programming of 4 comfort levels for weekdays & 4 different levels for weekends. In 7-day program mode, each day has 4 comfort levels that can be programmed independently

# **ADJUSTING THE OPTIONAL SETTINGS**



- 1 To access the configuration menu, first switch the thermostat off (if it isn't already). Press and hold ON/OFF, then press and hold (§) until the feature screen appears.
- **2** Press (9) and to cycle through the features.
- 3 Use the ▼/▲ keys to adjust the setting of that feature.
- 4 Press (S) to cycle through to any other features that require adjusting, changing the setting using the
- 5 Once all features are set press A to accept.
- 6 Press ON/OFF to switch the thermostat on again.

Note: If no buttons are pressed whilst in feature mode then the thermostat will switch off, although any changes will be stored.

# **General system checks**



The expansion vessel and filling loop is usually positioned near the boiler.



Adjust the temperature of the boiler water by turning the boiler control thermostat.



Never set the boiler water temperature lower than the cylinder thermostat.

# System pressure

The majority of heating systems are sealed and include an expansion vessel which maintains the system pressure. This red vessel would normally be found positioned near to the boiler.

If you have a combination boiler or system boiler the main pump and expansion vessel will be inside the boiler. The best way to identify this is that the boiler will have a pressure gauge on its panel.

You will need to check the system pressure regularly as it is normal for a system to lose a small amount of pressure. The gauge should read

approximately between 1 and 2 bar depending on whether the system is cold or hot.

If the pressure is below 1 bar, top the pressure up to 1 bar by opening the valve on the filling loop connected to the red vessel (or boiler if no red vessel is fitted). Only top up when the system is cold. If your system rapidly losses pressure you need to consult a heating engineer.

If there is no red expansion vessel or gauge on the boiler then your system is not sealed but open vented and will be topped up automatically by a feed tank and ballcock in the loft.

# **Boiler thermostat**

The temperature of water generated by your boiler is altered by adjusting the boiler control thermostat dial.

If you have a hot water cylinder it is important that the boiler water temperature is always at least 5 °C above the temperature of your cylinder thermostat.

# General sequence of operation

# Every time heat is required in a room the following sequence is initiated:

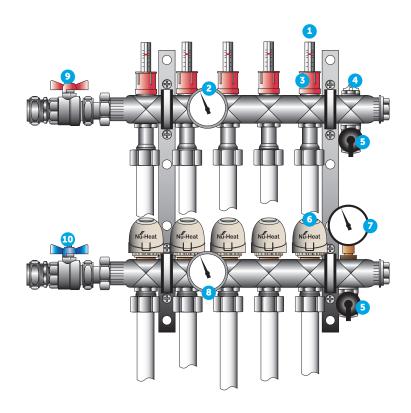
If the heating is in an on period and the room requires heating, the room thermostat will call for heat:

- 1 A flame symbol will appear on the display.
- 2 The floor pump, either on the Optiflo manifold serving that zone, or on the remote-mounted pump module will be switched on.
- The actuator on the Optiflo manifold circuit connected to the
- zone will open, indicated by the button on top of the actuator head rising.
- 4 The flow gauge on this circuit will indicate flow and the flow pipe will get warm.
- 5 Over a period of time as the room comes up to temperature, the return pipe will warm up as well.
- 6 For standard systems with conventional boilers/cylinders or combination boilers the boiler and boiler pump are turned on to supply and circulate heat.

# **MANIFOLD COMPONENTS**

- 1 Flow gauges
- 2 Flow temperature gauge
- 3 Flow adjustment
- 4 Manual air vent
- 5 Filling/drain off valve
- 6 Actuators
- 7 Pressure gauge
- 8 Return temperature guage
- 9 Main isolating valve (flow)
- 10 Main isolating valve (return)

Note: Pump may be mounted directly.



# Seasonal adjustments

Underfloor heating can be left active all year round as it is thermostatically controlled by the room temperature. In warm weather it will simply not come on.





If you require to turn the heating off (for example when servicing) always use the main heating isolation switch.

# Leaving the property unoccupied in winter

Rather than turning the heating system off, it is possible to leave background heating on as frost protection.

Each room/zone can be set to frost protection individually. Please refer to the instructions (*Frost Protection* on page 10), which detail how the thermostat can be put into a hold mode and the required frost protection temperature adjusted.

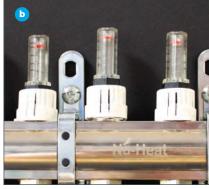
# Instant hot water and heated towel rail

Hot water and heated towel rails will be available all year round regardless of your requirement for underfloor heating.

# System adjustments

If additional heat is required in a selected room or rooms the water flow rate(s) serving these areas can be increased.







## To do this:-

When the system is operating, turn the thermostat up in that room.

Identify from the pipe markings at the manifold which actuator head serves the zone you want to change.

Note: If the zones are not clearly marked turn off all the other room stats. The zone that is operating will be shown by a raised button on the top of the actuator (a) and the flow gauge will indicate a flow reading (b).

Please note that the button can take up to 3 minutes to respond.

Turn the flow gauge – anti-clockwise for more flow, clockwise for less.

The red flow indicator will drop further the greater the flow rate.

Note: Adjust a little at a time to suit your requirements. Increasing the flow to one zone may decrease the flow to others. There is a limit to how much extra flow can be achieved and if, after adjusting one or several zones, further action is required the flow temperature can be increased.

#### To do this:-

With the system running note the water flow temperature on the gauge (c) on the top rail of the manifold. This temperature can be increased by turning the control valve head clockwise on the remote mounted pump module (d1), or anticlockwise on the direct mounted pump module (d2).

Note: Adjust a little at a time to suit your requirements.





# **Servicing requirements**

# **AS REQUIRED**

Replace the batteries (see page 11).

#### **MONTHLY**

Check the expansion vessel water pressure as displayed on the gauge, the pressure should normally be between 1 bar and 2 bar depending on whether the system is cold or hot.

Please refer to the *System Checks* section (page 14) for further-information.

# **ANNUALLY**

# **Underfloor heating**

Whilst there is no requirement for annual servicing it is important that the level of central heating inhibitor is sufficient to protect the system.

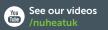
# **Product support**

For further information on the operation of your underfloor heating system and also troubleshooting help, please visit the Nu-Heat website at nu-heat.co.uk.











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